# 03. Water Adventure



*You are told that there is an aquarium near your home, which is an attraction that should not be missed, so you decide to visit it. To remember the adventure, you decide to make a report for the aquarium.*

## Preparation

Download the skeleton provided in Judge. Do not change the packages.

**Pay attention to the name of the package, all the classes, their fields, and methods the same way they are presented in the following document. The fields you create must be the private access modifier. It is also important to keep the project structure as described above.**

## Problem description

Your task is to create a repository (aquarium) that stores departments by creating the classes, described below.

### Fish

First, write a Java **class**, called **Fish** with fields:

* **name: String**
* **color: String**
* **fins: int**

The **constructor** of the Fish class should receive a **name, color,** and **fins**.

The class should also have the following methods:

* Getter **getName()**
* Getter **getColor()**
* Getter **getFins()**
* Override **toString()** method in the format:

**"Fish: {name}**  
**Color: {color}**  
**Number of fins: {fins}"**

### Aquarium

The next step is to write an **Aquarium** class that has a **collection** of an object of type **Fish** with the corresponding **unique** **name** of a fish. The name of the collection should have the name **fishInPool**. All the entities of the **fishInPool** collection have the **same** fields. The Pool has also some additional fields:

* **name: String**
* **capacity: int**
* **size: int - the volume of the pool**

The **constructor** of the Aquarium class should receive the **name, capacity,** and **size**, also you should initialize the **collection** of fish with a new instance.

Implement the following features:

* Getter **getName()**.
* Getter **getCapacity()**.
* Getter **getSize()**.
* Getter **getFishInPool()** -returns the **number** of fish in the current pool.
* Method **add(Fish fish)** - add the entity **if** there **isn't** a fish with the same **name** and **if** there is **enough** **space** for it.
* Method **remove(String name)** - removes a fish from the pool with the given **name**, if such **exists,** and returns a **boolean** if the deletion is successful.
* Method **findFish(String name)** - returns a **fish** with the given name, **it** doesn't exist return **null**.
* Method **report()** - returns information about the aquarium and the fish inside it in the following format:

**"Aquarium: {name} ^ Size: {size}**

**{Fish1}**

**{Fish2}**

**…"**

## Constraints

* The name of each fish in the pool will always be unique.
* Each fish will have a different number of fins.
* The fins of a fish and the size of the aquarium will always be positive numbers.
* You will always be given fish added before receiving the method for its manipulation.

### Examples

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| Sample code usage |
| package aquarium;  public class Main {  public static void main(String[] args) {  // Initialize Aquarium Aquarium aquarium = **new** Aquarium(**"Ocean"**, 5, 15);  // Initialize Fish Fish fish = **new** Fish(**"Goldy"**, **"gold"**, 4);  // Print Fish System.***out***.println(fish.toString());   //Fish: Goldy  //Color: gold  //Number of fins: 4  // Add Fish aquarium.add(fish);  // Find Fish  aquarium.findFish(**"Goldy")**;  // Get Fish in Pool  aquarium.getFishInPool();   // Remove Fish System.***out***.println(aquarium.remove(**"Goldy"**)); // true  Fish secondFish = **new** Fish(**"Dory"**, **"blue"**, 2);  Fish thirdFish = **new** Fish(**"Nemo"**, **"orange"**, 5);   // Add fish aquarium.add(secondFish);  aquarium.add(thirdFish);   // Print Aquarium report System.***out***.println(aquarium.report());   //Aquarium Info:  //Aquarium: Ocean ^ Size: 15  //Fish: Dory  //Color: blue  //Number of fins: 2  //Fish: Nemo  //Color: orange  //Number of fins: 5  }  } |

## Submission

Submit a **single .zip file**, containing the **aquarium package, with the classes inside (Fish, Aquarium, and the Main class)**, there is no specific content required inside the Main class e. g. you can do any kind of local testing of your program there. However, there should be a **main(String[] args)** method inside.